FOREST INVESTMENT PROGRAM (FIP)

Working Group Proposal 8-9 January, 2009

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Structure of Presentation (I)

- Task and output of Working Group
- Objectives and Purpose of FIP

- FIP Principles
- Eligibility

Structure of Presentation (II)

Governance structure

FIP Programming Process

Dedicated Initiatives

Monitoring and Evaluation

Conclusions

Task and output of Working Group

Task

- Review draft design document prepared by the Co-Chairs
- Prepare a preliminary design document for consideration by the Second Design Meeting

Output

 Proposal on the Forest Investment Program to serve as a working document for the Second Design Meeting

Objectives and Purpose of FIP

Purpose

 Supporting developing countries' REDD efforts, taking into account adaptation and multiple benefits

Specific Objectives

- A vehicle to finance the implementation of policies and measures
- Promote transformational change
- Generate understanding and learning
- Pilot replicable models to leverage additional and sustained financial resources for REDD

FIP Principles (I)

- In addition to the SCF principles:
 - National ownership and national strategies
 - Inclusive processes involving participation of key stakeholders and including Indigenous Peoples and Local communities
 - Cooperation with other actors and processes
 - Coordination with other REDD demonstration initiatives and efforts
 - Measurable outcomes/results based
 - Forest related governance

FIP Principles (II)

- In addition to the SCF principles:
 - Support pilot programs to achieve transformational change
 - Climate change mitigation potential
 - Contribute to Sustainable Development
 - Address drivers of deforestation and ensure holistic national approach to REDD
 - Investment need/integration
 - Learning opportunities integrated into FIP programming

Eligibility and Criteria

- Country Eligibility
 - ODA-eligibility
 - Active MDB country program
- Criteria for Pilot Program Selection
 - Program potential
 - Country preparedness and ability
 - Country distribution across regions

Governance

- FIP Sub-Committee
 - 6 representatives from donors
 - 6 representatives from recipient countries
 - [2 representatives each from IPGs, NGOs and Private sector]
- Observers
 - International Organizations, initiatives and processes
 - Civil Society

Functions of FIP-Sub-Committee

- Appoint the Expert Group and provide guidance to group
- Select pilot programs
- Approve programming priorities
- Ensure complementarity between developing countries and development partners
- Ensure lessons learned are transmitted through the SCF Trust Fund Committee to the UNFCCC/other stakeholders

Expert Group

- Recommendations on selection of pilot programs
- Composed of up to 8 individuals from both developing and developed countries selected on the basis of:
 - expertise
 - Strategic and operational experiences
 - Diversity of perspectives

FIP Programming Processes

- Tendering of proposals
- Governments to develop investment strategy proposals (ISP) building on existing planning frameworks
- Governments to specify implementing agency/organisation
- Group of countries may propose regional or subregional investment strategy proposal
- Expert Group to evaluate ISP, however, FIP-SC makes final decision

FIP program areas

- Potential types of investment to be revised before the Second Design meeting include (refer to Attachment 1):
 - Investments in institutional capacity, forest governance and information
 - Increasing forest benefit yields by forest resource investments
 - Investments outside the forest sector

Dedicated Initiatives

- Effective participation of IPs and Local Communities critical to success of the pilot programs
- Direct grants available through the Initiative
- Operational, funding and governance modalities of mechanism have to be developed

Monitoring and Evaluation

- FIP-SC will report regularly to SCF Trust
 Fund Committee using monitoring systems of MDBs
- Independent joint evaluation of FIP operations and activities to be carried out after three years using independent evaluation departments of MDBs
- Results to be published and made publicly available

Conclusions

- The proposal seeks to :
 - Attract resources to make transformation change that can result in reductions in emissions from deforestation and forest degradation
 - Promote sustainable forest management
 - Generate understanding and learning between investments and outcomes through pilot programs
 - Build on existing initiatives and avoid duplication
 - Provide a working document for Second design meeting.

Secretariat to highlight next steps

Thank you