



Emerging Perspectives and Lessons Learned from PPCR Country Level Programming

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Overview of Presentation



- Scope of the Learning Brief
- Snapshot of PPCR progress
- Lessons Learned
- Take-aways for SREP

Scope of Learning Brief



- This Learning Brief covers PPCR's first two years and is based on:
 - Over 75 Interviews with those most directly involved;
 - Five country visits—Bangladesh, Jamaica, Niger, Tajikistan, Zambia
 - Desk review of relevant CIF documents
- Not an evaluation, Not exhaustive
- Sought to highlight practical lessons of how stakeholders in different contexts were approaching the PPCR

Snapshot of PPCR progress



- \$187.75 million in grants and \$135 million in highly concessional credits have been approved for the six PPCR investment plans.
- \$ 12.79 million in preparatory grant resources have been approved for support of the development of investment plans.
- All pilots have completed or are in the process of finalizing preparation activities.
- Projects have been approved for Grenada, Tajikistan, and St. Vincent and the Grenadines for over \$34 million in PPCR resources.

Five thematic lessons



Five key lessons are highlighted

- Country Leadership
- Transformational Change
- Leveraging/Partnership
- Cross Sector Planning
- Private Sector

Lesson Learned: *Country Leadership*



Expectations of country leadership must be realistic.



Country Leadership



A country's ability to play a leadership role can be affected by:

- Lack of experience with climate change planning*
- Institutional, financial and human capacity limitations*
- Demands in response to emergencies (e.g. hurricanes, earthquakes, tsunamis, etc)*

Progress in some countries has been due to changes in government focal points, insufficient resources dedicated to dealing with climate change, and limited buy-in

Tajikistan overcame limited experience with climate change planning and changing institutional structures and personnel through strong ownership and MDB support

Lesson Learned: *Transformational Change*



PPCR countries are defining transformational change in the context of their own country's circumstances.



Country visions of transformational change vary based on national needs. Focus of PPCR resources include:

- Scaling-up investments

Bangladesh expanding investment to all coastal districts

- Meeting basic needs

Niger reducing vulnerability to food insecurity

- Jump-starting initiatives with substantial resources

Samoa and Tonga targeting coastal infrastructure

Lesson Learned:

Partnerships/Leveraging



PPCR's cross-sectoral focus is an opportunity to develop broad partnerships.

Achieving PPCR's full potential depends on successfully leveraging resources of development partners and building on comparative advantages.



- Achieving the full potential of the PPCR will depend on ability of government and MDBs to leverage comparative advantages and resources from partners
- MDBs are most concrete example of leveraging.
- Other partners have expressed interest but firm commitments for support have been limited so far.

Lesson Learned: *Cross-Sector Planning*



A country's ability to strengthen resilience depends on buy-in at national and sectoral levels.



Cross-Sector Planning



- Building capacity of Finance and/or Planning Ministries has enabled them to become leaders in climate change planning and implementation.
- Zambia “climate proofed” national development strategy and relies on the Ministry of Finance for coordination.
- Jamaica is using “20-year vision” to provide guidance for different sectors with National Planning Institute as lead.

Lesson Learned: *Private Sector*



Expanding the private sector's role in adaptation is crucial yet challenging.

Private Sector



- Understanding climate change may present opportunities as well as challenges for the private sector.
- A different approach may be needed to engage the private sector compared to the public sector.
- Both public and private sector actors need the partnership between the two to build effective and sustained resiliency in a country.

- IFC working with private firms on crop/livestock insurance scheme in Niger to provide protection against severe weather.
- IFC working with different private actors in Bangladesh to promote climate resilient agriculture and food security through improved practices and distribution chains.

Take-Away for SREP



- Need for strong country buy-in and leadership
- Need for cross-sectoral approach
- Need to develop strong partnerships
- Achieving full leveraging potential will depend on success at capitalizing on partners' strengths and interests.
- Engaging the private sector is important but may necessitate new approaches.

Thank you for your attention!

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