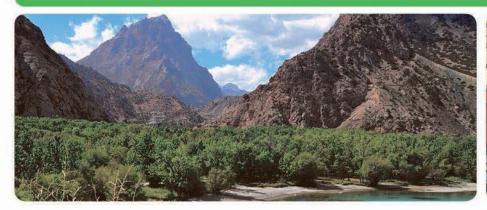
GENDER MAINSTREAMING IN THE "BUILDING CLIMATE RESILIENCE IN THE PYANJ RIVER BASIN" PROJECT

PPCR Pilot Countries Meeting, July 20-23, 2015, Frascati, Italy

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PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- Country background & climate change impact
- PPCR in Tajikistan
- Gender picture
- "Building Climate Resilience in the Pyanj River Basin" project
- Gender mainstreaming approach
- Key intermediate outcomes and lessons learned

COUNTRY BACKGROUND & CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT

- ➤ Tajikistan is a landlocked country in Central Asia with a population of 8.4 million (2014);
- > around 75% of the population live in rural areas;
- > 93% of the territory is occupied by mountains;
- > it is a lower middle income country with the per capita income of USD 1100 (2014);

- ➤ Tajikistan is highly vulnerable to adverse effects of climate change;
- ➤ Tajikistan is also exposed to a range of climate-related hazards;



PPCR IN TAJIKISTAN











- Tajikistan was included as a pilot country in 2009;
- The most vulnerable sectors: agriculture, water resources, energy, environment, and disaster risk management;
- A unique opportunity to understand the economic and social impacts of climate change in more empirical terms, and initiate transformational change in the key sectors;
- A multi-stakeholder and community-driven approach (community members, women's groups and local farmers are taking the lead in decision-making on climate resilience);
- All projects seek to address gender and social inclusion issues. Committee on Women and Family Affairs (CWFA) is a key partner;

GENDER PICTURE

- The gender picture is substantially affected by the country's remittance-heavy economy;
- Migrants leave behind large numbers of households managed by women;
- These households are especially vulnerable to climate-induced shocks and poverty;
- Almost half of the severely food insecure households are headed by a woman;
- The promotion of gender equality is an important priority for the Government;





BUILDING CLIMATE RESILIENCE IN THE PYANJ RIVER BASIN' PROJECT







Background: The Pyanj River Basin is the largest of the five principal basins of Tajikistan with a population of 1.3 million;

- Communities are already experiencing extreme climatic events;
- Vulnerability assessments highlighted the special risks that climate change poses to women;

Objective: The project aims to increase resilience to climate vulnerability of local communities

Components:

- climate-resilient flood protection systems and capacity building on disaster management;
- climate-resilient irrigation systems and capacity building of water user associations;
- climate-resilient drinking water supply systems and capacity development of water consumer groups;
- > a microfinance component for vulnerable groups, especially women, to promote climate resilience.

GENDER MAINSTREAMING APPROACH

- Initial climate vulnerability assessments and stakeholder consultations focused on gender issues;
- ➤ The projects adopted an integrated socially-inclusive, and gender-responsive approach across key sectors;
- An Effective Gender Mainstreaming
 (EGM) category was assigned to the project;
- Regular consultations with the Committee on Women and Family Affairs (CWFA) regarding gender issues;



GENDER MAINSTREAMING APPROACH (2)

- A Gender Action Plan (GAP) was developed with gender-inclusive design features included in the majority of project outputs and components.
- The GAP aims at:
 - + supporting local women's groups to mobilize and act collectively;
 - + supporting their active participation in irrigation "water users associations", disaster risk management committees and "drinking water consumer" groups;
 - + assisting t women in accessing the micro-credit they need in order to undertake adaptive measures and build resilience;

GAP indicators include:

- > at least 20% of employment opportunities in the areas of the agreed upon roles are filled by women;
- > at least 30% of women are trained on operations and maintenance of project-related infrastructure;
- > at least 50% of participants in all trainings are representatives of women's organizations;
- > at least 30% of all subloans are to women or enterprises with 50% minimum female ownership.



KEY OUTCOMES AND LESSONS LEARNED

Women are benefiting from the project through:

- improved access to water resources for irrigation and drinking water supply;
- > enhanced knowledge of climate-resilient agriculture; and
- increased access to microdeposits and credit lines for climate-resilient economic activities;

Feedback from community

- Strong support for PPCR and a desire to ensure further scale up of successful interventions;
- ➤ Local population of both pilot and non-pilot districts consider the PPCR important to their own families;

A number of lessons can be drawn:

- The use of an integrated approach to gender equality across various sectors;
- Assessment of broader social and economic issues relating to gender;
- Women's full participation and contribution to decision-making and leadership on planning for climate resilience;
- Collection of gender disaggregated data when conducting research;

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TAJIKISTAN PILOT PROGRAM FOR GLIMATE RESILIENCE



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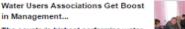
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PPCR NEWS



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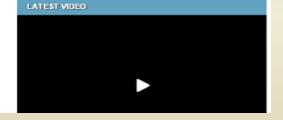


MENU

- **⊗ CLIMATE DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**
- KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

PPCR TAJIKISTAN

Tajikistan is a land-locked country located in south-east Central Asia. Mountains occupy about 95% of the terrain and glaciers make up 6% of the total country area. The rivers of Tajikistan are the main sources of water replenishing the Aral Sea and provide neighbouring areas with water for irrigation and power generation. With a population of over 7 million and a gross domestic product of around \$751 per capita, Tajikistan has amongst the lowest GDP per capita in the Central Asia and is considered to be the most vulnerable country in the region. READ MORE



Press release - Round table participants in Kulob...

22 April 2015 in the Kulob's hotel "Kulob-Pamir"was held NGO round table with representatives of local authorities, GBAO Darvaz's jamoat, Hamadoni and Muminabad jamoats of Khatlon region, NGOs and CDTA consultants, where were selected climate change vulnerable jamoats.

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THANK YOU

