



Country Ownership in the Development of SPCR

- **Objective:** This session will highlight the mechanisms and operationalization of “country ownership” to provide an effective and inclusive means of managing the development and implementation of SPCR.
- **Country Ownership:** pilot country government exercises leadership over its development and implementation of the IP/SPCR with the involvement of the wider stakeholders. This def is derived from the Busan Partnership document.
- **Focus:** the session will focus on the countries’ actual experiences on the three basic elements of country ownership including:



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1. Alignment of the SPCR with national strategies and priorities

- Integrating the priorities of the SPCR into the countries development and climate agenda. SPCR should not create stand-alone projects.

2. Putting in place appropriate institutional arrangements:

- Identify and include all appropriate government agencies and the necessary coordination mechanisms –with a leading government agency.

3. Ensuring the engagement of multi and broader stakeholders

- Involving all relevant stakeholders in the design of the SPCR is mandatory and should be documented.
- SE makes the SPCR ambitious, robustly designed, effectively implemented, with appropriate accountability.
- SE promotes sustainable decisions and ensures country ownership of the SPCR. Stakeholders outside government may well have the knowledge, skills and experience that the SPCR need.